

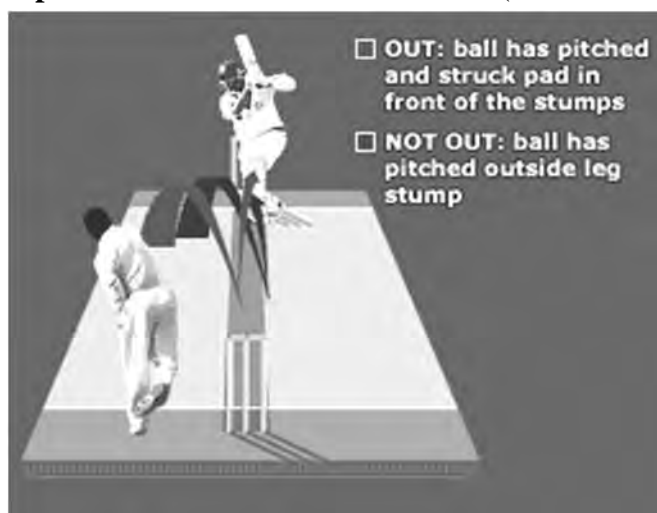
16 Law 36 - LBW

Shown here for a right-handed striker.



Out - LBW

- It must be a fair delivery; LBW is not permitted off a NO-BALL.
- If the ball pitches, it must do so either on the striker's off-side or inside the lines.
- The balls **first point of impact** must be the striker; **not his bat or a hand holding the bat.**
- The balls **first point of impact** with the striker must be between the lines; between wicket & wicket.
- The ball, had it not been intercepted, it must be hitting the wicket – in the umpire's opinion.
- If the ball is a full toss, the umpire must consider that delivery was going to follow that trajectory.
- If the ball pitches, or makes contact with the striker outside the line of leg-stump (the solid line) the striker should not be dismissed LBW.
- **If the striker does not make a legitimate attempt to hit the ball:**
 - The **first point of impact** can be on the striker's off-side (the dotted line).



If there is any doubt, the batsman must be given the benefit of that doubt – NOT-OUT